TFSL-Board Audit Committee Charter

The role of the Audit Committee shall flow directly from the Board of Directors' oversight function on corporate governance which holds the Management accountable to the Board and the Board accountable to the shareholders. Acting as a catalyst in helping the Company achieve its objectives, the Audit Committee's review function will include the financial reporting process, the system of internal financial controls, the audit process, the Company's process for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the TFSL Code of Conduct.

Authority

The Audit Committee shall act and have powers in accordance with the terms of reference which shall include the following:

- To investigate any activity with in its terms of reference
- Toseekinformationfromanyemployee
- Toobtainoutsidelegalorotherprofessionaladvice
- Tosecureattendanceofoutsiderswithrelevantexpertise, if it considers it to be necessary
- TohavefullaccesstoinformationcontainedintherecordsoftheCompany

Composition

- TheAuditCommittee shallhave minimumthree Members,allbeingNon-executiveDirectors,ofwhich at least 2/3rd of the Members shall be Independent Directors.
- AllMembersoftheAuditCommitteeshallbefinanciallyliterateandatleastoneMembershallhave accounting or related financial management expertise.
- TheChairpersonoftheAuditCommitteeshallbeanIndependentDirector.
- TheCompanySecretaryshallactasSecretarytotheAuditCommitteeMeetings.

Meetings

- TheAuditCommittee shallmeet periodically,butatleast4timesayear andnotmorethan120daysshall elapse between two successive Meetings.
- One Meeting shall be held before the annual accounts and quarterly/ half-yearly accounts / financial results are presented to the Board.
- The quorum for Meetings of the Audit Committee shall be either two Members or one-third of the Members of the Audit Committee, whichever is greater, with at least two Independent Directors.
- The Chief Financial Officer, Internal Auditor and a Representative of the External (Independent) Auditors should be requested to be present as invitees for the Meetings of the Audit Committee. However, such persons shall not have the right to vote.
- The Audit Committee may invite such of the executives, as it considers appropriate(particularly, the Head of the Finance Function), to be present at the Meetings of the Audit Committee. Such persons shall not have the right to vote. On occasions considered necessary, the Audit Committee may also meet without the presence of any executive of the Company.
- The Auditors of the Company and the Key Managerial Personnel shall have a right to be heard at the MeetingsoftheAuditCommittee when it considers theAuditors'Report butthey shallnothave theright to vote.

AttendanceatGeneralMeetings

The Chairperson of the Audit Committee shall be present at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to answer shareholders' queries. However, in case of ExtraordinaryGeneral Meeting(s) ("EGM"), the Chairperson of the Audit Committee, in his/her absence, may authorize any other Member of the Committee to attend the EGM to answer shareholders' queries.

Responsibilities

The Audit Committee shall have discussions with the Auditors periodically about internal financial control systems, the nature and scope of audit, including the observations of the Auditors and review the quarterly & year-to-date and annual financial statements and/or financial results before submission to the Board and recommend the same to the Board for its consideration and also oversee compliance of internal financial control systems. In addition, the responsibilities of the Audit Committee shall include the following:

FinancialStatements

- Overview of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to
 ensure that the financial statements are true, fair, correct, sufficient and credible.
- Reviewing with the Management the quarterly & year-to-date and annual financial statements and/or financial results and the Auditors' report thereon before submission to the Board, with particular reference to:
 - MattersrequiredtobeincludedintheDirector'sResponsibility StatementintheBoard's Reportin terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013
 - Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same
 - Majoraccountingentries involving estimates based on exercise of judgment by the Management
 - Modified opinion(s) in the draft Auditors' Report, if any
 - Significantadjustmentsmadeinthefinancialstatementsarisingoutofauditfindings
 - Thegoingconcernassumption
 - CompliancewithAccountingStandards
 - Compliance with the listing and other legal requirements concerning financial statements
 - Scrutinyofinter-corporateloansandinvestments
 - Disclosureofcontingentliabilities
 - Disclosure of any related party transactions as per the relevant Accounting Standards, the Companies Act, 2013 and Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), as amended fromtime to time.
 - The effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives as well as off- balance-sheet structures, on the financialstatements.
 - Company's press releases, as well as financial information and earnings guidance, if any, provided to analysts and rating agencies.
 - ReviewingandevaluatingtheCompany'sfinancialandriskmanagementsystems.

ReviewandExaminationofInformation

- Internalauditreportsrelatingtointernalcontrolweaknesses.
- Financial Statements and draft Auditors' Report thereon, including the draft limited review report of the Auditors.
- ManagementDiscussionandAnalysisoffinancialconditionandresultsofoperations.
- Reportsrelatingtoriskmanagementandcompliancewithapplicablelaws.
- Managementletters/lettersofinternalcontrolweaknessesissuedbytheStatutory/InternalAuditors.

InternalControl

 Evaluation of the internal financial controls, accounting policies, etc. with the Management, external and internal auditors, and to review the adequacy of internal financial control systems.

RiskBasedInternalAudit("RBIA")

- ReviewingtheInternalAuditReportandactiontakenthereon.
- Reviewing the adequacy and performance of the RBIA function, including the Internal Audit Charter, the structure of the internal audit department, approval of the RBIA Plan and its execution, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit.

- The Chief Internal Auditor shall have a direct and independent line of reporting to the Audit Committee and administratively to the Managing Director & CEO.
- Reviewingtheappointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor.
- Discussing with the Internal Auditorany significant findings and follow-up thereon.
- Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations carried out by the Internal Auditor into matters
 where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal controlsystems of a material nature
 and reporting the matter to the Board.
- ReviewingandmonitoringtheperformanceandeffectivenessoftheInternalAuditprocess.
- ConductingInformationSystemsAuditoftheinternalsystemsandprocessesatleastonceintwo yearsto assess operational risks.
- AppointmentofAuditorstoundertakesuchauditsasmaybedirectedbytheAuditCommittee/law/ Board, from time to time.
- The Chief Internal Auditor shall meet theAudit Committee of the Board without the presence of Management once in every financial year.

ExternalAudit

- Recommending to the Board the appointment / re-appointment and removal / replacement of the Statutory(External) Auditors, fixation of theremuneration andterms of appointment of theAuditorsand also approval for payment for any other services rendered by the Auditors, as permitted by law. While considering the appointment of the statutory auditor, the committee shall consider any order or pending proceedings relating toprofessional matters of conductagainst theproposedauditorbefore theInstitute of Chartered Accountants of India or any other competent authority or any Court.
- Discussing with the StatutoryAuditors before the audit commences, the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any areas of concern.
- Reviewing and monitoring the Auditor's independence and performance and the effectiveness of the audit process.

Subsidiarycompanies

- The Audit Committee may recommend the adoption of policies, procedures and processes laid down byit
 to the Audit Committee of its subsidiaries. Further, the Audit Committee may review the critical issues
 that may be referred by the Audit Committees of material subsidiaries to the Audit Committee of the
 Company.
- Reviewing the financial statements of the subsidiaries, in particular the investments made by the subsidiary companies.
- Overseeing compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, including the FCFL Code of Conduct for the Company and by its material subsidiaries.
- Overseeingfinancial reporting controls and processes formaterial subsidiaries.

RelatedPartyTransactions

 Performing activities and carrying out functions as laid down in the Framework for Related Party Transactions adopted by the Board.

Fraud

- AllcasesaboveRs.1crorearerequiredtobemonitoredandreviewedbytheAuditCommittee.
- Additionally, a report containing details of attempted frauds involving an amount of Rs. 25 lakh and above shall be placed before the Audit Committee of the Board for its noting.

Defaults

 Looking into the reasons for substantial defaults/delays in payments to depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.

Others

- Audit Committee may consider and adopt the policies, procedures and processes laid down by the Audit Committee of the Holding Company. Further, critical issues may be referred by the Audit Committee to the Audit Committee of the Holding Company.
- Recommending the appointment of Chief Financial Officer to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee/BoardofDirectors, after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.
- ReviewingthefunctioningofandcompliancewiththeCompany'sWhistleBlowerPolicy.
- Reviewing, with the Management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (publicissue,rightsissue,preferentialissue,etc.), thestatementoffundsutilizedforpurposesotherthan those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency with regard to monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue or preferential issue or qualified institutions placement, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter.
- Reviewing the valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary and the appointment of Registered Valuers.
- Reviewingon an annualbasis, theutilization ofloansand/or advances from/investment bytheCompany in its subsidiary(ies) exceeding Rs. 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary,whicheveris lower, including existing loans / advances / investments.
- Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the Company and its shareholders.
- Review the Statement of deviations, if any, indicating the utilization of issue proceeds of the listed nonconvertibledebentures.

Compliance

- Reviewing the Compliance policy of the Company at least annually and overseeing its implementation. Amendments, if any, in the Policy shall be subject to the approval of the Board.
- Reviewingonanannualbasisprogressinrectification/ implementationofrecommendationspointedout in various audits and RBI Inspection reports.
- Review the compliance risk on a quarterly basis based on monitoring and testing results
- Approvetherisk-basedcompliancetestingandmonitoringplan
- ReviewingtheprocessforcommunicatingtheCoCtoCompanypersonnelandformonitoring compliancetherewith.
- ObtainingregularupdatesfromtheManagementandCompanylegalcounsel regardingcompliance matters.
- Review the appointment/re-appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Compliance Officer.

ReportingResponsibilities

- The Audit Committee shall recommend to the Board, the quarterly & year-to-date and annual Financial Statements / Financial Results after reviewing the same.
- TheAuditCommitteewillupdatetheBoard,periodically.
- The Board's Report shall disclose the composition of the Audit Committee, brief description of the scope of the Audit Committee Charter, names of the Members and the Chairperson of the Audit Committee and brief details of Meetings and attendance at Audit Committee Meetings.
- The recommendations of the Audit Committee on any matter relating to financial management, management discussion and analysis of financial condition and result of operations after its review, including the Auditors' Report, shall be binding on the Board.

 If the Board does not accept the recommendations of the Audit Committee, it shall disclose the same in the Board's Report, together with the reasons therefor.

Responsibilities under the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and Code of Corporate Disclosure Practices

- Setting forth the policies relating to and overseeing the implementation of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations,2015 ("Regulations"), as amended from time to time and the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading ("Code") and Code of Corporate Disclosure Practices ("Code")
- TakingonrecordsuchreportsasmayberequiredfromtheComplianceOfficerundertheCode;
- DecidingpenalanddisciplinaryactioninrespectofviolationoftheRegulations/Code;and

Reviewing compliance with the provisions of the Code, at least once in a financial year and to verify that the systems for internal control are adequate and are operating effectively.

OtherResponsibilities

- Monitoring the effectiveness and reviewing the implementation of the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy, considering its suitability, adequacy and effectiveness.
- Performingotheractivities related to this Charter as may be requested by the Board of Directors.
- Carrying out additional functions ascontainedinanyother regulatoryrequirements applicable to the Company or in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.
- Institutingandoverseeingspecialinvestigationsasneeded.
- TheChairperson of theCommittee shallconfirm annually to the Board that all responsibilities outlined in this Charter have been carried out.

ReviewofCommitteeCharter

 The adequacy of this Charter shall be reviewed and reassessed by the Board of Directors from time to time, as it may deem appropriate (based on changes that may be brought about due to the regulatory framework or otherwise).

SittingFees

 Members of the Committee shall receive such sitting fees, if any, for their services as Committee members as may be determined by the Board at its sole discretion.

CommitteeEvaluation

The Committee shall undergo an annual self-evaluation of its performance and report the result to the Board. Indicative areas for evaluation as part of this exercise include:

- Degreeoffulfillmentofkeyresponsibilities,
- AdequacyofCommitteecomposition,
- Effectivenessofmeetings,
- Committeedynamics,
- QualityofrelationshipoftheCommitteewiththeBoardandtheManagement.